## Homework 4 MTH 4230, Spring 2020 Due Monday, Mar. 2

Chapter in Book	Problems
4	4.14*, 4.15**
5	5.5***, 5.13, 5.24 (do part <i>a</i> , tasks (1) and
	(2), and part $c$ only)
6	6.2, 6.3, 6.5 (skip parts <i>e</i> and <i>f</i> ), 6.6****
	(skip part <i>c</i> ), 6.7, 6.8****

\* Notice that in **Part** *a* of **Problem 4.14**, you are asked to fit a regression model *through the origin* (i.e. the *no-intercept* model). For **Part** *b*, after fitting the model, typing:

## > confint(my.reg)

will produce the **CI** for the slope. For **Part** c, the **CI** for the mean response  $E(Y_h)$  can be obtained via:

```
> my.new.data <- data.frame(act.score = 30)</pre>
```

- \*\* For **Part** *c* of **Problem 4.15**, for the *lack of fit test*, the **full model** is the one that includes an intercept and the **reduced model** is the one without an intercept. Fit the models by typing:
- > full.reg <- lm(gpa ~ act.score, data = my.data)
  > reduced.reg <- lm(gpa ~ -1 + act.score, data = my.data)</pre>

Then get the *F* statistic for the lack of fit test by typing:

```
> anova(reduced.reg, full.reg)
```

- \*\*\* For Problems 5.5, 5.13, and 5.24, matrix multiplication (and vector multiplication) is carried out by the %\*% operator. The transpose of a matrix is obtained using the t() function. The inverse of a matrix is obtained using the solve() function.
- \*\*\*\* For Problem 6.6, Part *a* is asking for a *regression model F test*.
- \*\*\*\*\* In Problem 6.8, you can use the following R code to get the **confidence interval** for a mean response  $E(Y_h)$  and the **prediction interval** for  $Y_{h(new)}$ :