Homework 7 MTH 3240, Spring 2020

Due Tuesday, Apr. 21

Reading: *Environmental Statistics*:

• Chapter 10 (but Sections 10.5 and 10.7 are optional in Spring 2020)

Problems: Please do the following problems from the Problems sections of *Environmental Statistics*:

Chapter in <i>Environmental</i> Statistics	Problems
Ch. 10	10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5* (skip parts <i>a</i> , <i>g</i> , and <i>h</i>), 10.6** (skip parts <i>a</i> , <i>g</i> , and <i>h</i>), 10.7*** (skip parts <i>a</i> , <i>g</i> , and <i>h</i>), 10.12**** (skip parts <i>a</i> , <i>g</i> , and <i>h</i>), 10.13***** (skip parts <i>a</i> , <i>g</i> , and <i>h</i>)

* For **Problem 10.5**, you can use the **aov()** function in R.

First, create a *data frame* in R that contains the data. There are two ways to do this.

The first is to use the **read.table()** function to read the data from the text file **Ch10Pr5Data.txt** (after saving it on your computer from the course website) by typing:

```
> my.data <- read.table(file.choose(), header = TRUE)</pre>
```

The second is to use the **data.frame()** function, for example by typing something like this:

```
> acid <- c("Mild", "Mild", "Mild", "Strong", "Strong", "Strong",
                                "Extreme", "Extreme", "Extreme")
> biom <- c(1.35, 1.29, 1.24, 0.45, 0.36, 0.48, 0.91, 0.57, 0.51)
> my.data <- data.frame(Acidification = acid, Biomass = biom)</pre>
```

Once you've created the *data frame*, you can carry out the ANOVA by typing:

```
> my.anova <- aov(Biomass ~ Acidification, data = my.data)
> summary(my.anova)
```

** For **Problem 10.6**, you can use the **aov()** function in R.

First, create a *data frame* in R that contains the data either using the **read.table()** function (as described above but with the data from the text file **Ch10Pr6Data.txt**) or using the **data.frame()** function, for example by typing something like this:

```
> acid <- c("Mild", "Mild", "Mild", "Strong", "Strong", "Strong",
                              "Extreme", "Extreme", "Extreme")
> mquot <- c(2.2, 0.78, 0.86, 4.8, 5.2, 2.4, 2.0, 3.8, 5.9)
> my.data <- data.frame(Acidification = acid, MQuotient = mquot)</pre>
```

Once you've created the *data frame*, you can carry out the ANOVA by typing:

*** For **Problem 10.7**, you can use the **aov()** function in R.

First, create a *data frame* in R that contains the data either using the **read.table()** function (as described above but with the data from the text file **Ch10Pr7Data.txt**) or using the **data.frame()** function, for example by typing something like this:

Once you've created the *data frame*, you can carry out the ANOVA by typing:

**** For **Problem 10.12**, you can use the **aov()** function in R.

First, create a *data frame* in R that contains the data either using the

read.table() function (as described above but with the data from the text file **Ch10Pr12Pr13Data.txt**) or using the **data.frame()** function, for example by typing something like this:

Once you've created the *data frame*, you can carry out the ANOVA by typing:

```
> my.anova <- aov(Nitrogen ~ AreaType, data = my.data)
> summary(my.anova)
```

***** For **Problem 10.13**, you can use the **aov()** function in R.

First, create a *data frame* in R that contains the data either using the **read.table()** function (as described above but with the data from the text file **Ch10Pr12Pr13Data.txt**) or using the **data.frame()** function, for example by typing something like this:

Once you've created the *data frame*, you can carry out the ANOVA by typing: