General Chemistry	I
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Examination #3	

Name	

(20)	1.	Balance the following chemical equations by using the lowest set
		of whole number coefficients:

a)
$$Mg_3B_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow Mg(OH)_2 + B_2H_6$$

b)
$$_$$
 HSbCl₄ + $_$ H₂S \longrightarrow $_$ Sb₂S₃ + $_$ HCl

c)
$$V_2O_5 + Cl_2 + C$$
 VOCl₃ + COCl₂

d)
$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} H_5IO_6 \longrightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}} I_2O_5 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} H_2O + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} O_2$$

e) ____
$$I_2O_5$$
 + ___ CO _____ __ I_2 + ___ CO_2

Balance the following nuclear equations by supplying the correct (20)2. missing species:

a)
$$^{16}O + 1_{---}$$
 $^{---}$ $^{13}N + 1 \alpha$ -particle

b)
$$252Cf + 11B \longrightarrow 257Lr + 6$$

c) 59Co + 1 neutron
$$\longrightarrow$$
 1____ + 1 alpha particle

d)
$$246$$
Cm + 13 C \longrightarrow + 5 neutrons

Which of the following result(s) in a decrease in nuclear charge? **(4)** 3.

i. α-decay ii. β-decay iii. positron emission iv. electron capture

- a) only iv b) i & ii
- c) i & iii
- d) ii & iv
- e) i, iii, & iv

A nucleus that has too high a n/p ratio can gain stability via: **(4)** 4.

> c) α-decay b) electron capture a) β-decay e) proton emission d) positron emission

When a nitrogen atom with 6 neutrons undergoes positron (4) 5. emission, ___ is formed.

- a) ¹⁴N
- b) ¹⁴C c) ¹³C
- d) ¹²C
 - e) 13N

(4)	4) 6. Which one of the following chemical equations does represent an oxidation-reduction reaction?						
		a) 1 Fe ₂ O ₃ + 3 CO					
(4)	7.	When 12.4 g of phosphorus and 40.0 g of sulfur react, all of the phosphorus is consumed, 44.4 g of P ₂ S ₅ are formed, and some unreacted sulfur remains. The mass of unreacted sulfur					
		a) 8.0 g b) 12.4 g c) 27.6 g d) 32.0 g					
		e) Impossible to determine from the data provided					
(4)	8.	Consider the following balanced chemical equation:					
		$4 \text{ Ag} + 2 \text{ H}_2\text{S} + 1 \text{ O}_2 \longrightarrow 2 \text{ Ag}_2\text{S} + 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$					
		If 2.0 moles of Ag react with excess H ₂ S and O ₂ to give 0.7 moles of Ag ₂ S, which one of the following statements is correct?					
		 a) The percent yield is 100% b) The percent yield is 70% c) The percent yield is 35% d) The theoretical yield is 2.0 moles of Ag₂S e) The theoretical yield of the reaction depends upon how large an excess of H₂S and O₂ is used 					
(4)	9.	Consider the following balanced chemical equation:					
		$1 \text{ CaCN}_2 + 3 \text{ H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow 1 \text{ CaCO}_3 + 2 \text{ NH}_3$					
		If 1.0 mole of $CaCN_2$ and 1.0 mole of H_2O are allowed to react, the maximum number of moles of NH_3 produced will be:					
		a) less than 1.0 mole b) 1.0 mole					
		c) 2.0 moles d) 3.0 moles					
		e) None of the above choices is correct					

(4)	10.	Balance the following chemical equation using the lowest set of whole number coefficients:						
			_NH ₃ +	O ₂ -		NO ₂ +	H ₂ O	
		For every mole of NH ₃ that reacts, moles of O ₂ are required.						
		a) 0.57	b) 1.25	c) 1	1.33	d) 1.75	e) 2.	67
(4)	11.	Conside	the follow	ring balar	nced che	mical equa	tion:	
	$6 \text{ NH}_3(g) + 8 \text{ O}_3(g) \longrightarrow 3 \text{ N}_2\text{O}_5(g) + 9 \text{ H}_2\text{O}(g)$							
If the reaction of 2.0 moles of NH ₃ (g) and 2.5 moles of O ₃ (g run with 100% efficiency:								g(g) is
		a) b) c) d) e)	all of t 1.0 mo 60.0 g	he O3(g) le of N2C of H2O(g)	will be co 5(g) will will be p	be produce	ed	
(4)	12.	Conside	the follow	ing balar	ced che	mical equa	tion:	
		2 Al(OH) ₃ + 3 H ₂ SO ₄						
		How many ml of 6.0M H ₂ SO ₄ are required to react completely with 390.0 g of Al(OH) ₃ ?						
		a) 2,340 1	ml b) 1,92	3 ml c) 1	1,750 ml	d) 1,457 1	ml e) 1,	250 ml
(4)	13.	Ethane, C ₂ H ₆ , burns in the presence of O ₂ to produce CO ₂ and H ₂ O. If 8.00 grams of O ₂ are consumed, how many moles of CO ₂ will be obtained (assume 100% efficiency)?						
		a) 0.143	b) 0.286	6 c)(0.438	d) 1.00	e) 4.	00
(4)	14.	Consider	the follow	ing balar	ced che	mical equa	tion:	
		10	QCl + 1Ag	NO ₃ —	→ 1 Q	$NO_3 + 1A$	gCl v	
		19.95 g of QCl is dissolved in water. If 357 ml of 0.750 M AgNO ₃ is required to precipitate all the chloride in solution, what is the identity of element Q?						
		a) Li	b)	Na c)	K	d) Ri	e)	Cs

(6) 15. Calcium carbonate, a major constituent of limestone, undergoes thermal decomposition as shown below:

A 3.00 gram sample of limestone liberates 500.0 ml of CO₂ at 227°C and 2.0 atmospheres. Determine the percent, by mass, of CaCO₃ in the limestone sample.

Assume that any other constituents of limestone are chemically inert. Show all work in the space provided below.

(6) 16. Consider the following balanced chemical equation:

If 150.0 g of CS₂ and 100.0 g of Cl₂ are allowed to react, what mass (in grams) of excess reagent will remain at the conclusion of the reaction? Show all work in the space provided below.